## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

1-21. (Canceled)

22. (Currently Amended) A process for isolating and and/or identifying at least one

active chemical substance from a non-equimolar mixture of active or inactive chemical

substances, comprising the steps:

a) adding a target to said mixture and forming a complex comprising the target and at

least one active chemical substance of the mixture;

b) separating the complex from the inactive chemical substances of the mixture by

ultrafiltration or ultracentrifugation; and either

c) liberating, isolating and identifying at least one active chemical substance from the

separated complex; or

d) identifying at least one active chemical substance of the mixture by subtracting from a

chromatogram of the mixture of active and inactive chemical substances a chromatogram of the

mixture of inactive chemical substances which is obtained after separation of the complex.

23. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 22, wherein the adding of the

target to said mixture is performed in a solution, a suspension or a dispersion.

24. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 22, wherein the adding of the

target to said mixture is performed in an aqueous solution.

25. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 24, wherein a pH value of

the aqueous solution is stabilized with the aid of a buffer.

26. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 22, wherein said complex is

created by a bond between the at least one active chemical substance and the target.

27. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 22, wherein the bond a bond

between the target and the at least one active chemical substance is a covalent or non-covalent

bond.

28. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 22, wherein the non-covalent

bond a non-covalent bond between the target and the at least one active chemical substance is

formed by hydrogen bridges, electrostatic interaction, metal complexation, interaction of

lipophile groups of the active chemical substance with the target, dipole-dipole interactions, or

cation- $\pi$  interactions.

29. (Canceled)

30. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 22, wherein said isolating

and/or identifying isolating and identifying of the at least one active chemical substance of the

separated complex is accomplished by at least one method selected from the group consisting of

HPLC, electro-chromatography, electrophoresis and coupling techniques.

Application No. 10/088,868 Amendment dated June 8, 2006 Reply to Office Action of March 8, 2006

31. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 22, wherein said identifying of the at least one active chemical substance of the mixture is accomplished by at least one method selected from the group consisting of HPLC, electro-chromatography, electrophoresis and coupling techniques.

- 32. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 30, wherein said coupling techniques are LCMS or MS-MS.
- 33. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 31, wherein said coupling techniques are LCMS or MS-MS.
- 34. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 30, wherein said method is microcapillary or nano-HPLC.
- 35. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 31, wherein said method is microcapillary or nano-HPLC.
- 36. (Currently Amended) A process for isolating and and/or identifying at least one active chemical substance from a non-equimolar mixture of active or inactive chemical substances, comprising the steps:

Application No. 10/088,868 Amendment dated June 8, 2006 Reply to Office Action of March 8, 2006

a) adding a target to said mixture and forming a complex comprising the target and at

least one active chemical substance of the mixture;

b) separating the complex from the inactive chemical substances of the mixture by

preparative HPLC, eletrochromatography or electrophoresis; and either

c) liberating, isolating and identifying at least one active chemical substance from the

separated complex; or

d) identifying at least one active chemical substance of the mixture by subtracting from a

chromatogram of the mixture of active and inactive chemical substances a chromatogram of the

mixture of inactive chemical substances which is obtained after separation of the complex.

37. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 22, wherein said mixture is a

substance library obtained from synthetic or combinatorial chemistry, or an extract of a natural

product.

38. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 22, wherein said mixture is a

chemically modified extract of a natural product.

39. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 22, wherein said mixture is a

mixture of various natural product extracts.

The process according to claim 22, wherein said mixture 40. (Previously Presented)

contains at least 50 different chemical substances.

Application No. 10/088,868 Amendment dated June 8, 2006 Reply to Office Action of March 8, 2006

- 41. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 22, wherein the target is a protein.
- 42. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 22, wherein the target is an enzyme, a receptor, an antibody, a biological membrane or a cell.
- 43. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 22, wherein the target is selected from the group consisting of thrombin, trypsin and  $\beta$ 2-adrenoreceptor.